# University of Utah Department of Physical Therapy Writing Behavioral Objectives

# COMPONENTS of a Behavioral Objective:

- A. AUDIENCE / WHO: audience for whom the objective is intended: "The physical therapist student will..."
- B. **BEHAVIOR / WHAT**: specific observable actions/behaviors the student is to perform or exhibit. Use the taxonomy to identify a verb that distinguishes the level of the behavior.

# C. CONDITIONS / "GIVENS:" relevant factors affecting the actual performance.

- 1. in the classroom, lab or clinical setting...
- 2. upon completion of the assignment or learning task...
- 3. after reviewing instruction...
- 4. following a lecture, demonstration or discussion...
- 5. with(out) the use of notes, text, lab manuals...
- 6. when provided with certain materials or equipment...
- 7. given a case study, diagram,, clinical problem...
- 8. on a model, classmate, patient...

# D. DEGREE / CRITERION FOR SUCCESS: level of achievement indicating acceptable performance.

- 1. to a degree of accuracy, e.g. 90% or + or 1 s.d.
- 2. to a stated proportion, e.g. within 2 mm of mercury
- 3. within a given time period
- 4. within a given number of trials
- 5. to a standard of clinical acceptability
- 6. to be verified by an external agency, panel, person
- 7. according to criteria set forth in a lab manual, standard operating policy, skill analysis, or other document
- 8. to the satisfaction of the instructor

## E. Goals should also be "S.M.A.R.T."

- 1. S: Specific a specific behavior/activity/task
- 2. M: Measurable units of measurement
- 3. A: Attainable achievable and appropriate
- 4. R: Relevant realistic and focused on results
- 5. T: Time-based within a specific time frame

# F. Examples:

- 1. Following demonstration and practice with the clinical instructor, the student will be able to transfer a patient post stroke from the bed to the wheelchair safely with minimal cuing from the CI.
- 2. By midterm, the student will be able to accurately document a daily note according to facility guidelines without CI input.

### LEVELS of Objectives According to Bloom's Taxmonomy

#### LEVEL ONE OBJECTIVES

Domain: Cognitive - knowledge: The remembering of previously learned material. Domain: Affective - receiving: getting, holding, and directing the student's or patient's attention. Domain: Psychomotor - perception: using sense organs to obtain cues that guide motor activity.

Cognitive		Affective	Psychomotor
Knowledge		Receiving	Perception
cite define describe eliminate express identify itemize	label list match name request state	ask choose describe eliminate express identify locate name reply request	choose describe detect differentiate distinguish identify inspect itemize isolate relate (tell) select separate

#### LEVEL TWO OBJECTIVES

Domain: Cognitive - comprehension: grasping the meaning of the material Domain: Affective - responding: active participation and reaction by the student Domain: Psychomotor - set: mental, physical, and emotional readiness to act.

Cognit	ive	Affective	Psychomotor	
Compr	ehension	Responding	Set	
classify collect compile convert defend document estimate	explain generalize inspect paraphrase record repeat restate	answer assist collect comply conform discuss examine inspect	label perform present repeat report respond restate	begin display explain institute respond show start

## LEVEL THREE OBJECTIVES

Domain: Cognitive - application: using learned material in new and concrete situations. Domain: Affective - valuing: displaying consistent behavior which makes a student's values clearly identifiable. Domain: Psychomotor - guided response: early stages of learning a complex skill.

Cognitive Application		Affective Valuing		nomotor ed Response
adjust administer apply arrange change check clarify complete compute demonstrate discover examine experiment handle implement investigate	manipulate massage mobilize modify operate participate perform position predict present refer schedule solve suggest transfer translate	advise apply check choose clarify complete derive describe designate determine differentiate distinguish draw evaluate explain extract	formulate implement initiate institute investigate justify mobilize participate propose quantify rank rate recommend record refer report schedule select	bandage handle investigate specify transfer turn

#### LEVEL FOUR OBJECTIVES

Domain: Cognitive - analysis: breaking down material into its component parts. Domain: Affective - organization: comparing, relating, and synthesizing values. Domain: Psychomotor - mechanism: performance acts where the learned response is habitual and the movements can be performed with proficiency.

Cognitive Analysis		Affective Organization		Psychomotor Mechanism
analyze assess assign choose diagram derive determine designate differentiate discuss distinguish draw (conclusions) evaluate	illustrate manage negotiate outline rank rate relate select separate simplify specify terminate	adjust alter analyze arrange combine compare consult criticize defend develop document experiment judge	modify negotiate organize prepare relate simplify supervise synthesize teach terminate	bandage handle investigate specify transfer turn

Adapted with permission from Erikson, N at Eastern Washington University

extract test manage

# LEVEL FIVE OBJECTIVES

Domain: Cognitive - synthesis: putting parts together to form a new whole. Domain: Affective - characterization by a value: behavior is typical or characteristic of that person. Domain: Psychomotor - complex overt response: skillful performance involving complex movement pattern.

Cognitive		Affective	Psychomotor
Synthesis		Characterization	Complex Behavior
advise articulate categorize combine communicate compose consult coordinate correlate create design develop devise establish extrapolate formulate	manage modify negotiate organize originate plan practice propose quantify rearrange recommend reconstruct reorganize revise summarize supervise	act communicate direct discriminate display instruct practice propose question revise serve solve	adjust administer apply bandage handle investigate speak specify test transfer turn

#### LEVEL SIX OBJECTIVES

generate

instruct

teach

write

Domain: Cognitive - evaluation: judging the value of material for a given purpose. Domain: Psychomotor - adaptation: modifying well-developed skills to fit a certain requirement of to meet a problem situation.

Cognitive	Psychomotor
Evaluation	Adaptation
appraise	adapt
compare	alter
conclude	change
consult	develop
contrast	massage
criticize	mobilize
direct	position
discriminate	rearrange
interpret	reorganize
justify	revise
support	schedule

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# LEVEL SEVEN

Domain: Psychomotor - origination: creation of new movement patterns to fit a particular situation or problem.

Psychomotor Origination

arrange combine communicate compose construct design instruct manage originate teach